Ouray Silver Mines



Ĵ

August 2018

Revenue-Virginius Mine

Page intentionally blank.

Cautionary Statements



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS: This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of securities legislation in the United States and Canada, including statements regarding, anticipated production, costs, capital expenditures, mine plans, grades, returns, development, exploration efforts, and other expectations regarding the projects or Ouray Silver Mines Inc. (OSMI) and financial performance of such projects or OSMI contained herein. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks. uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the risk that anticipated production, cost, capital costs, expense levels, and projected cash flows are not attained, the risks and hazards inherent in the mining business (including risks inherent in developing large-scale mining projects, environmental hazards, industrial accidents, weather or geologically related conditions), adverse changes in the market prices of the metals referred herein and a sustained lower price environment, the uncertainties inherent in production, exploratory and developmental activities, including risks relating to permitting and regulatory delays, ground conditions, grade variability, any future labor disputes or work stoppages, the uncertainties inherent in the estimation of ore reserves, changes that could result from future acquisition of new mining properties or businesses, reliance on third parties to operate certain mines and the absence of control over mining operations in which OSMI or its subsidiaries hold royalty or streaming interests and risks related to these mining operations including results of mining and exploration activities, environmental, economic and political risks of the jurisdiction in which the mining operations are located, the loss of any third-party off-take counter party or smelter to which OSMI markets silver and gold, the effects of environmental and other governmental regulations, the risks inherent in the ownership or operation of or investment in mining properties or businesses in foreign countries. OSMI's ability to raise additional financing necessary to conduct its business, make payments or refinance its debt, as well as other uncertainties and risk factors. Actual results, developments and timetables could vary significantly from the estimates presented. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements. OSMI disclaims any intent or obligation to update such forward-looking statements publicly or privately, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Additionally, OSMI undertakes no obligation to comment on analyses, expectations or statements made by third parties in respect of OSMI, its financial or operating results, its securities, the projects referenced herein.

US AND NON-MINING FAMILIAR INVESTORS: We may use certain terms in public disclosures, such as "Measured," "Indicated," "Inferred", "Resources", "Proven", "Probable", and "Reserves" that are recognized by Canadian regulations, which are defined by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) (<u>https://www.cim.org/</u>) and commonly known as NI 43-101 standards. Further the term Prefeasibility Study and Feasibility Study are also reporting standards.

(http://web.cim.org/standards/MenuPage.cfm?sections=177,181&menu=229).

(http://web.cim.org/standards/MenuPage.cfm?sections=177&menu=178).

PRIVATE COMPANY INFORMATION: OSMI is a private company and therefore not governed by the SEC or any regulatory exchange. This document is for informational purposes only, may not be complete, is in draft form and may be subject to amendment.

NOT AN OFFER TO BUY OR SELL SECURITIES OR ANY INTERST IN OSMI: This document does not constitute an offer or invitation to subscribe or purchase an interest in OSMI and has been prepared for illustrative purposes only. Neither Lascaux Resource Capital, LLC or Lascaux Resource Capital Partners, LLC (collectively "LRC") nor any of its affiliates or investment vehicles managed by LRC or any other person assumes any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided herein. Any investment in OSMI will be made only upon the basis of independently negotiated and executed definitive documents. As with any company, past performance cannot assure any level of future results. No representation is made that OSMI is likely to achieve its objectives, or that it will or is likely to achieve results comparable to those shown herein, or will make any profit, or will be able to avoid incurring substantial losses. The information herein is summary only and is intended to be reviewed in detail with OSMI and LRC, which are both prepared to discuss the methodology and assumptions employed in the presentation of such data.



Page intentionally blank.





OURAY SILVER MINES



Introduction



Investment Highlights

NEAR TERM PRODUCTION AND CASH FLOW	 NI 43-101 compliant Feasibility Study completed Jun-18 1st 5-year average annual production of 3.1Moz AgEq beginning 9 months from production decision Only US\$36.8 million in restart capital with under 2 years capital payback 9 months from production decision to positive cash flow After-tax NPV5 of US\$75mm and 71% IRR 					
HIGH-GRADE NI43-101 COMPLIANT RESERVE	High-grade silver Reserves of 21.2Moz at 36.9 oz/st, M&I Resource of 29.9Moz at 30.3 oz/st AgEq, and Inferred Resource of 13.2Moz at 39.9 oz/st AgEq ¹ <i>Mineral Resources are shown inclusive of Reserves</i>					
PERMITTED MINE AND OPERATIONAL MILL	 Over US\$90 million in capital invested since 2011 Long history of production dating back to 1895 and as recently as 2015 					
ATTRACTIVE COST POSITION	 All in sustaining cost of production ² of US\$11.01/oz AgEq of silver life-of-reserve and inclusive of sustaining capital Resue mining method proven effective and economically attractive with trial stoping 					
SIGNIFICANT EXPLORATION UPSIDE	 Current mine life based only on P&P reserves; additional adjacent high grade Inferred Resources of 13.2Moz AgEq not in mine plan Near-term exploration targets identified with potential to significantly expand the existing resource 					
LOCAL, EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT TEAM	 Experienced operating team with proven track record CEO Brian Briggs is a Colorado P.E. and mining engineer with 30+ years' industry experience and a multi-generational connection to mining in the San Juan Mountains 					
¹ See pages 22 and 25 for individual metal components. For further information see Aurcana						

¹ See pages 22 and 25 for individual metal components. For further information see Aurcana Corporation's ("Aurcana") news release dated July 30, 2018 titled "Aurcana Announces Transformational Transaction", which is available on Aurcana's website and is filed on SEDAR www.sedar.com

² All in sustaining cost or AISC is a non-IFRS and Non-GAAP measure; AISC includes all production costs related to extraction and processing as well as costs associated with transportation, treatment, refining and other selling costs plus capital costs





Feasibility Study Highlights¹



RESOURCES AND RESERVES ²	
Measured and Indicated Resources	29.9Moz AgEq @ 30.3 oz/st
Inferred Resources	13.2Moz AgEq @ 39.9 oz/st
Proven and Probable Reserves	21.2Moz AgEq @ 36.9 oz/st
OPERATING METRICS	
1 st 5 year Average Annual Payable Production	3.1 Moz AgEq
All-In Sustaining Cost of Production ³ (Ag Equivalent basis)	US\$11.01/oz AgEq
1 st 5 year Average Annual After-Tax Cash Flow	US\$23.8mm
Current Reserve Life	77 months
Total Capital Requirement to Positive Cash Flow including capitalized operating cost, concentrate payment terms & working capital	US\$36.8mm
AFTER-TAX ECONOMICS	
NPV _{5%}	US\$74.9mm
IRR	71%
Payback Period	1.9 years
Time to Mill Production	7 months
Time to Positive Cash Flow ³	9 months

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS"). All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI.; 1) Metal equivalent basis is calculated using the FS Price Deck: Ag \$18.50/oz, Au \$1,300/oz, Pb \$1.00/lb, Zn \$1.20/lb. Metal equivalent excludes copper. 2) See pages 22 and 25 for individual metal components. For further information see Aurcana Corporation's ("Aurcana") news release dated July 30, 2018 titled "Aurcana Announces Transformational Transaction", which is available on Aurcana's website and is filed on SEDAR www.sedar.com 3) All in sustaining cost or AISC is a non-IFRS and Non-GAAP measure; AISC includes all production costs related to extraction and processing as well as costs associated with transportation, treatment, refining and other selling costs plus capital costs



Management Team



Brian Briggs, Chief Executive Officer

- Professional Engineer (CO & WY) with 30 years of mining industry experience in both underground and surface mine development and operation
- Has taken mines from exploration stage through feasibility study, construction, and into production. He also has a significant experience in environmental work and rehabilitation of mine sites
- Has served in senior management roles, from President/CEO to general manager, in both domestic and international organizations; most recently served as the interim CEO of Tyhee Gold Corp and a VP Technical Services of Geovic Mining
- Earned a BS degree in Mining Engineering and an MS degree in Agricultural Engineering from the University in Wyoming; 6th generation mining engineer from Ouray, Colorado

Patrick Brannan, Chief Financial Officer

- Senior finance and administrative professional with 35 years of experience
- Started his career in public accounting with Pricewaterhouse Coopers and Deloitte-Touche as a senior auditor and subsequently held various finance and administrative positions with large mining companies, including Newmont Mining Corporation and African Barrick Gold
- Experienced in IT, supply chain management, administration, tax, Sox compliance and implementation and holds a CPA
- · Earned a BS in Accounting from Saint Francis University

Doug Levesque, Mine Manager

- More than 45 years of experience in mining operations including all aspects of mine site management and operational oversight (exploration, planning, development, construction, production and safety)
- Started as a miner and has held various roles from mine supervisor, mine foreman, mine manager and vice president
- Has extensive underground mining experience as an underground superintendent for Cassiar Mining Corporation, a mine manager for Claude Resources' underground Seabee mine and a VP of Operations for Tyhee Gold Corp.
- Earned a diploma in Mining Technology at the British Columbia Institute of Technology



Management Team



Val Pratico, Manager of Technical Services

- · Professional Geologist with more than 40 years of mining industry experience
- Has worked as a base and precious metal exploration geologist in various regions of Canada and the United States
- Experience as a production geologist responsible for duties such as stope grade control, calculation of stope reserve estimates, preparation of production forecasts and supervision of underground and surface diamond drill programs
- Former chief geologist for Waddy Lake Resources, Birch Mountain Resources Ltd and Tyhee NWT Corp
- Graduated from the University of British Columbia and has been a registered member of the Association of Professional Engineers, Geologists and Geophysicists of Alberta since 1991

Heather Simoens, VP of Human Resources

- Over 25 years of HR experience and organizational development with over 13 of those in Senior Management positions
- Has been with OSMI since 2015 and is responsible for payroll, staffing, compensation and benefits, employee relations, leadership development and training
- · Currently working on the implementation of a human resource portal and a learning management system
- Prior to joining Ouray Silver Mines, she has held numerous positons including the Executive Director for health services company



Page intentionally blank.





OURAY SILVER MINES



Revenue-Virginius Overview

Project History Through Foreclosure



Late 1800s	Initially explored in late 1800s, purchased in 1880 by AE Reynolds
1895-1912	 Put into production in 1895 until an underground fire in 1906 flooded the lower levels Mill fire in 1912 put an end to structured mining as the mill was not rebuilt Historical mining of nearly 200kst producing approximately 25Moz Ag,160koz Au, and 108mmlbs Pb¹
1930s, 40s, 60s & 80s	Development and exploration work by Federal Resources and Ranchers Exploration
1994-2001	 Sunshine Mining extensive work 1994-2001 First consideration of resue mining since AE Reynold's days
2011	Purchase agreement by Star Mines
2011-2014	Estimated invested capital approximately US\$40 million by Star Mines
2014	Production restart
2014	Purchased by Fortune Minerals with financing from LRC
2014-2015	Estimated invested capital approximately US\$27 million exclusive of purchase price
2014-2015	Continues mill commissioning and ramp up
Early/Mid 2015	Below target mine production and lower commodity price made operations unprofitable
July 2015	LRC forecloses and renames company Ouray Silver Mines

¹NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS"). All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI.

Project History July 2015 - Present Significant Work Completed Under New Ownership



GEOLOGY	 Improved geological database incorporates corrections to vein tags and missing or corrected assay values Completed 2,400 meters of infill drilling Significant upgrading of resource delivering 77 months of 2P reserves in FS mine plan
MINING	 Strategic change to a resue mining method which historically provided lower dilution than other available methods at the Revenue-Virginius Two series of resue mining test stopes to support geotechnical, dilution and productivity estimates Underground rehabilitation focused on infrastructure and logistics Optimization of detailed development plan and stope design for full FS Life of Mine sequencing, costing and labor allocations based solely on 2P reserves Costing supported by unitized activity-based bottoms up analysis
PROCESSING	 Two separate series of metallurgy variability tests completed by FLSmidth for FS level confirmation of expected recoveries Final detailed engineering and 'for construction' drawings on all process flow completed by Barr Engineering, as well as bottoms up costing for operations Mill pre-construction activities to enable enhanced flowsheet installation to handle higher mill feed head grade Mill to produce lead concentrate with high precious metal content and a zinc concentrate
PRODUCT MARKETING	Concentrate expert Bluequest conducted an independent study on concentrate marketing and freight terms which confirmed anticipated long-term pricing
CAPITAL	• Receipt of all major engineering and construction contract bids based on 'for construction' final engineering and quotes for all capital equipment
SITE OPERATIONS	 Significant demonstrable safety culture change and development of a new relationship with MSHA Environmental improvements focused on water management and permits with a goal of minimal footprint, including installation of a long-term passive water treatment system and to allow tailings and waste rock to be sold as road aggregate Site preventative maintenance and new finance/administrative/warehouse systems built out for operations Ready for production decision
STAFF	 Reset operations and replaced the majority of senior staff All senior roles filled with either local managers or managers who relocated Addition of key technical support staff to complete comprehensive analysis and pre-production activities



Project Location

- Revenue-Virginius mine (Longitude 107.750° W / ٠ Latitude 37.974° N) is located in southwestern Colorado about 5.5 miles southwest of the town of Ouray via County Road 361
- Ouray is easily accessible from Montrose Airport ٠ (36 miles to the north) or by road (about 5.5 hour drive from Denver)
- Operation is year-round ٠
- Given proximity to local communities, such as • Ouray, Ridgeway and Montrose, there is no need for camps or a fly-in, fly-out arrangement













Regional Historical Production



PREVIOUS MINES AND HISTORICAL PRODUCTION

2,297,000 short tons ore >1,000,000 oz Au

Sunnyside 8,000,000 short tons ore >2,000,000 oz Au

Silver Lake (Shenandoah-Dives) 17,575,000 oz Ag 616,000 oz Au

Source: OSMI Research. Historical production figures are based on OSMI research of historical reports which are not NI 43-101 compliant





Land Holdings

- The property consists of both patented and unpatented mining claims
 - 110 patented mining claims covering 812 net acres
 - 39 unpatented mining claims covering 343 net acres
- Claim ownership in the area was compiled by a contracted Landman (Steven Lappin) under previous ownership
- Various holdings from previous owners have been merged into one land package under OSM







Site Overview

- Mine portal is located at an elevation of 10,660 feet, northwest facing
- Site surface footprint is minimal and the mill equipment is located underground
- Bio-reactive leach field was recently installed for passive treatment of mine water discharge, eliminating the long term need for a costly mechanical water treatment solution
- OSM also has a separate warehouse in Ouray which provides additional office space and storage







Overview of Underground Workings



- Extensive underground workings with complete infrastructure in place
 - Over 5 miles of rail with switches and sidings
 - Raise bore for ventilation and secondary egress
 - Multiple drifts providing access to mining areas
 - Power stations and other underground infrastructure, including the #1 Shaft slated to be rehabilitated
- Virginius & Terrible veins are located at the end of the Revenue Tunnel
- These steeply dipping veins with narrow widths lend themselves to resue mining method
- Mill is accessed directly underground via an access near the mine portal









OURAY SILVER MINES



Feasibility Study Review

Feasibility Study Summary



NI 43-101 Feasibility Study completed in June 2017 and updated in June 2018

The scope of work included:

- Study was managed by SRK Consulting in Denver
- CIM Mineral Resource (NI 43-101) based on OSMI's revised geological database and SRK geologic model
- OSMI detailed mine plan completed for life of current reserve
- Validation of unit cost assumptions and consumable bids
- Metallurgical variability testing performed for a NI 43-101 compliant feasibility study
- Incorporation of recent environmental and permitting improvements
- Two separate resue test stope trials confirmed dilution and productivity assumptions in the mine plan
- Bluequest conducted a third-party study on concentrates and freight terms
- Detailed engineering designs for mill completed by Barr Engineering
- Incorporation of final "for construction" engineering designs
- Firm quotes received for all capital and contracted work scope, including raise bore, shaft #1, mill, surface infrastructure, and mobile equipment
- 2018 update refreshed capital and unit cost consumable bids





Resource Summary







Resource Summary

		Tons	Ag	Au	Pb	Cu	Zn	Ag	Au	Pb	Cu	Zn	Ag Equiv*	Ag Equiv*
Classification	Vein	(kst)	(oz/st)	(oz/st)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(koz)	(koz)	(klb)	(klb)	(klb)	(koz)	(oz/st)
	Virginius Main	218	22.6	0.07	5.15	0.24	1.89	4,918	15	22,433	1,058	8,262	7,721	35.4
Measured	Virginius FW	58	25.8	0.03	4.05	0.36	1.61	1,495	2	4,695	416	1,865	2,010	34.7
Measureu	Terrible	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Yellow Rose	39	22.1	0.05	4.51	0.17	2.53	860	2	3,506	135	1,966	1,318	33.9
Measured Subto	otal	315	23.1	0.06	4.86	0.26	1.92	7,273	19	30,634	1,609	12,093	11,048	35.1
	Virginius Main	311	24.2	0.06	4.38	0.26	2.56	7,516	19	27,262	1,587	15,921	11,357	36.5
Indicated	Virginius FW	103	12.6	0.03	2.67	0.21	1.20	1,298	3	5,501	431	2,472	1,967	19.1
Indicated	Terrible	49	17.6	0.06	7.44	0.14	1.46	861	3	7,287	137	1,435	1,559	31.8
	Yellow Rose	209	11.8	0.03	2.44	0.10	1.69	2,460	7	10,180	401	7,051	3,960	18.9
Indicated Subto	tal	672	18.1	0.05	3.74	0.19	2.00	12,135	32	50,230	2,556	26,879	18,842	28.0
	Virginius Main	529	23.5	0.06	4.70	0.25	2.29	12,434	34	49,695	2,645	24,183	19,078	36.1
M&I	Virginius FW	161	17.3	0.03	3.17	0.26	1.35	2,793	5	10,196	847	4,337	3,977	24.7
Mai	Terrible	49	17.6	0.06	7.44	0.14	1.46	861	3	7,287	137	1,435	1,559	31.8
	Yellow Rose	248	13.4	0.04	2.76	0.11	1.82	3,320	9	13,686	536	9,017	5,277	21.3
M&I Subtotal		987	19.7	0.05	4.10	0.21	1.97	19,408	51	80,864	4,165	38,972	29,891	30.3
	Virginius Main	170	30.7	0.07	5.96	0.42	3.07	5,220	12	20,268	1,444	10,440	7,836	46.1
Inferred	Virginius FW	1	19.0	-	2.20	0.20	0.95	19	-	44	4	19	23	22.6
Interred	Terrible	52	28.8	0.12	7.04	0.11	1.31	1,499	6	7,323	115	1,359	2,405	46.2
	Yellow Rose	108	20.9	0.04	1.34	0.15	1.72	2,258	4	2,894	325	3,724	2,937	27.2
Inferred Subtota	1	331	27.2	0.07	4.61	0.29	2.35	8,996	22	30,529	1,888	15,542	13,200	39.9

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis.

1) Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. There is no certainty that all or any part of the Mineral Resources estimated will be converted into Mineral Reserves. 2) Mineral Resource tonnage and contained metal have been rounded to reflect the accuracy of the estimate, and numbers may not add due to rounding. 3) All Measured and Indicated estimates with the defined wireframes are considered to have potential for economic extraction as entire level will be mined 4) Inferred Mineral Resources is limited using a NSR cut-off US\$200/st. 4) Metal price assumptions considered for the calculation of metal equivalent grades are: Gold (US\$/oz 1,300), Silver (US\$/oz 18.50), Lead (US\$/lb 1.00) and Zinc (US\$/lb 1.20). Metal equivalent calculation excludes copper. 5) Cut-off calculations assume average metallurgical recoveries equal to: Gold (65%), Silver (96%), Lead (96%), Copper (94%) and Zinc (89%). 6) The resources were estimated by Benjamin Parsons, BSc, MSc Geology, MAusIMM (CP) #222568 of SRK, a Qualified Person. 7) Mineral Resources are shown inclusive of Reserves.

For further information see Aurcana Corporation's ("Aurcana") news release dated July 30, 2018 titled "Aurcana Announces Transformational Transaction", which is available on Aurcana's website and is filed on SEDAR www.sedar.com



Mine Plan – Life of Current Reserves



- Virginius Main, Virginius Footwall, Terrible and Yellow Rose are the veins of interest during initial mining
- Virginius vein has over 25 million ounces of historical silver production, and it contributes to the majority of the current Mine Plan reducing the level of geological and grade uncertainties
- Other veins shown (FW, YR and Terrible) also have production but to expand reserves they need
 additional drilling which is included in Feasibility Study economics





Mine Plan Detail









Reserve Summary

P&P of over 21.2Moz of silver equivalent grading 36.9 oz/st; in excess of 6.5 years of production

Description	Area	Tons	Ag	Au	Pb	Zn	Aq	Au	Pb	Zn	Aq Equiv	Aq Equiv
		(kst)	(oz/st)	(oz/st)	(%)	(%)	(koz)	(koz)	(klb)	(klb)	(koz)	oz/st
	Virginius	203.5	24.5	0.06	5.09	1.75	4,980	12.6	20,720	7,124	7,448	36.6
Proven	Terrible											
	Yellow Rose	40.9	20.2	0.05	4.20	2.31	825	2.1	3,433	1,887	1,281	31.3
Proven Su	btotal	244.4	23.8	0.06	4.94	1.84	5,805	14.7	24,153	9,011	8,728	35.7
	Virginius	206.6	30.4	0.06	5.11	2.80	6,270	13.1	21,133	11,571	9,083	44.0
Probable Subtotal	Terrible	44.9	18.0	0.05	7.40	1.37	806	2.2	6,642	1,229	1,399	31.2
	Yellow Rose	79.2	16.7	0.04	3.29	1.83	1,321	2.8	5,209	2,896	1,987	25.1
Probable Si	ubtotal	330.7	25.4	0.05	4.99	2.37	8,397	18.1	32,984	15,696	12,470	37.7
	Virginius	410.1	27.4	0.06	5.10	2.28	11,250	25.7	41,853	18,695	16,531	40.3
P&P	Terrible	44.9	18.0	0.05	7.40	1.37	806	2.2	6,642	1,229	1,399	31.2
	Yellow Rose	120.1	17.9	0.04	3.60	1.99	2,146	4.9	8,642	4,783	3,268	27.2
P&P Sub	total	575.1	24.7	0.06	4.97	2.15	14,202	32.8	57,137	24,707	21,198	36.9

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis

1) All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimates. Totals may not sum due to rounding. 2) Ore reserves are reported at NSR CoGs based on metal price assumptions*, metallurgical recovery assumptions**, mining costs, processing costs, general and administrative (G&A) costs, and treatment and refining charges. Mining costs, processing costs, and G&A costs total US\$/240.62/st. (Metal price assumptions considered for the calculation of metal equivalent grades are: Gold (US\$/oz 1,300), Silver (US\$/oz 18.50), Lead (US\$/lb 1.00) and Zinc (US\$/lb 1.20); Metallurgical recoveries for payable items in the Pb concentrate are: Gold (60%), Silver (95%), and Lead (95%). Metallurgical recoveries for payable items in the Zn concentrate are: Zinc (54%). 3) Ore reserves have been stated on the basis of a mine design, mine plan, and cash-flow model. Full mining recovery of designed areas is assumed. Mining dilution is applied at zero grade and ranges from 5.9%-26.8%. 4) The ore reserves were estimated by OSMI. Joanna Poeck, (BS Mining, MMSA, SME-RM) a Qualified Person.

For further information see Aurcana Corporation's ("Aurcana") news release dated July 30, 2018 titled "Aurcana Announces Transformational Transaction", which is available on Aurcana's website and is filed on SEDAR www.sedar.com



Resue Mining

Keys to Success – The Resue Mining Method

 Historically, profitable mining at the Revenue-Virginius was based on the resue mining method (1885-1916)

Resue Test Stope Confirmed Resue Method was Viable and Economically Attractive

- Conduced trial stoping on 200 feet of Virginius Vein
- Confirmed Dilution Expectations:
 - 18% for 1 foot wide vein
 - 15% for 1.5 feet wide vein
- Confirmed Productivities:
 - 80 feet of stope mined per shift with two 5-man teams
 - Focus on higher grades and selective mining by resuing
- Confirmed the requirement for an OSMI stoping school to train resue miners to meet minimum qualification standards
- Reduced size of tailings production over the life of mine
- Higher recovery and improved concentrate grades
- Economic improvements more metal with less waste







Resue Test Stope

 \square

432512 132510 432506 432506

Π



303213







Resue Test Stope Dilution











Process Improvements vs Most Recent Operation

Key Plant & Infrastructure Upgrades

- · Replace cone crusher with a rod mill and secondary jaw crusher
- Install mill specific air compressors
- · Install mill tailings and concentrate thickeners
- Replace cyclones with Derrick screens
- Install designated clean water system for gland seal
- · Install plant automation and Pi historian
- · Construct new reagent storage building and pumping system with secondary containment
- · Increase mineral flotation residence time by adding additional flotation tank cells
- · Construct new all weather rail yard in front of portal
- · Expand existing dry and office building at site
- · Construct tailings thickener enclosure

Effects of Upgrades

- · Concentrator can operate at a steady rate of up to 276 short tons per day
 - Upside opportunity exists to exceed this
- Increased grinding capability and flotation residence time
- · Steady supply of ore to ball mill and flotation circuits without surging
- Reduced concentrate and tailings cake moistures resulting in lower shipping charges
- Fully automated operating circuits that can be tuned to improve efficiencies and reduce operating cost
- Provides redundancy resulting in increased plant effective run time



Mill Flow Sheet



- Mill has a traditional flow sheet consisting of crushing and grinding to 130 µm followed by floatation circuits
- The mill will produce desirable lead concentrates with high precious metal content and a small amount of saleable zinc concentrates
 - Target 65% lead concentrate with over 276 oz/st silver content
- Mill produced saleable concentrates as recently as 2015, and the current design is intended to allow modifications to remove prior operational bottlenecks and enhanced recovery of higher grade feed ore from the resue mining method





Production Summary



- The operation targets an annual throughput of approximately 92 kst per annum (270 stpd), producing an average of 3Moz of payable silver equivalent per year
- The resue mining method should allow OSM to achieve very high average ore grade
- To achieve the targeted production rate, the mine plan has an average of two active stopes averaging a minimum of 500 feet each in length with two headings in each stope (4 active faces)
- With two stopes in operation the plan calls for at least one additional stope to be fully developed or near final development at all times once operations are fully established



Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI.; (1) Includes 3 months of ramp up period under the FS study; (2) All in sustaining cost or AISC is a non-IFRS and Non-GAAP measure; AISC includes all production costs related to extraction and processing as well as costs associated with transportation, treatment, refining and other selling costs plus capital costs



Production Details



- Detailed mine plan has been optimized based on known mineralization within the Reserve
- Under the current plan, production will peak at just under 4.0Moz of silver equivalent on a Trailing Twelve Month ("TTM") basis and at its peak creates US\$35 million in FCF on a TTM basis



Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI.



Cash Flow



- Grade, production and cash flow fall off dramatically toward the end of the current 77 month reserve life skewing average life-of-reserve data
 - This fall off may be mitigated or deferred as additional resources are converted to reserves
- Drilling is included in the current production cost in the economic model to allow potential conversion
 of known Inferred Resource (39.9 oz/st AgEq versus Measured & Indicated at 30.3 oz/st AgEq¹) to
 increase reserves during the life of the project, although no production or economic benefits
 associated with such conversion are given in the model
- Additional targets will also be identified with exploration drilling



Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI.; See pages 22 and 25 for individual metal components.





Operating Costs

- Bottom-up unit cost development results in US\$251/st ore estimated total operating costs
- Concentrate market specialist Bluequest conducted a study to provide concentrate terms
- Resue mining minimizes dilution resulting in a LOM average mill feed grade of roughly 36.9 os/st AgEq which provides an NSR value of US\$515/st¹
- The labor intensive method is offset by larger stope blocks, optimized mining team structure and efficiently organized Life-of-Mine development plan designed by OSM and confirmed by SRK
- As a result, Revenue-Virginius is projected to be a low cost producer at US\$11.01 all-in sustaining cost of production² per payable oz silver equivalent inclusive of production taxes, TC/RC/Freight, and all capital

Revenue Mine	Lo	M	First 5 Years		
Operating Costs	USD000s	USD/t-RoM	USD000s U	SD/t-RoM	
Revenue Mining	\$54,895	\$95	\$47,990	\$103	
Revenue Milling	\$29,291	\$51	\$23,796	\$51	
G&A	\$53,530	\$93	\$41,894	\$90	
Surface Operating Costs	\$6,671	\$12	\$5,383	\$12	
Total Operating Costs	\$144,387	\$251	\$119,062	\$254	
Royalty, TC/RC & Freight	\$43,423	\$76	\$38,816	\$83	
Ongoing Capital	\$10,497	<u>\$18</u>	<u>\$9,251</u>	<u>\$20</u>	
All in Cash Cost	\$198,307	\$345	\$167,129	\$357	
Byproduct Credits	(\$95,350)	<u>(</u> \$166)	(\$84,284)	<u>(\$180)</u>	
All in Cash Cost Net of Byproduct Credits	\$102,957	\$179	\$82,845	\$177	
Total Ag Production	12,8	865	11,21	9	
Total Ag Equiv Production	18,0	019	15,600		
AISC ² \$/oz Ag incl. byproduct credits AISC ² \$/oz AgEq excl. byproduct credits	\$8. \$11		\$7.38 \$10.7		

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI; (1) Includes reductions for freight, w/s/a and insurance; (2) All in sustaining cost or AISC is a non-IFRS and Non-GAAP measure; AISC includes all production costs related to extraction and processing as well as costs associated with transportation, treatment, refining and other selling costs plus capital costs



Capital Requirements



- Total initial capital requirements are projected to be US\$36.8 million, including preproduction costs, working capital and concentrate payment terms
- Major capital items include raise bore, mill upgrades and underground development
- OSM has received firm quotes and selected its preferred vendors reducing time to implementation

Values in \$000						
Description		Pre-Prod	Ramp Up	Total	Post CFP	LON
Revenue Mine		(\$3,207)	(\$383)	(\$3,590)	(\$301)	(\$3,890)
Revenue Mill		(\$3,899)	(\$124)	(\$4,023)	(\$94)	(\$4,117)
Surface		(\$910)	\$0	(\$910)	(\$222)	(\$1,132)
Site Infrastructure		(\$712)	\$0	(\$712)	(\$179)	(\$891)
Engineering & Construction Contracts		(\$14,522)	(\$1,463)	(\$15,984)	(\$6,837)	(\$22,821)
	Subtotal	(\$23,250)	(\$1,970)	(\$25,219)	(\$7,632)	(\$32,852)
Pre-Production Costs		(\$6,982)	\$0	(\$6,982)	\$0	(\$6,982)
	Subtotal	(\$30,232)	(\$1,970)	(\$32,202)	(\$7,632)	(\$39,834)
Contingency		(\$1,889)	(\$172)	(\$2,060)	(\$723)	(\$2,784)
	Total Capital	(\$32,121)	(\$2,141)	(\$34,262)	(\$8,356)	(\$42,618)
Operating Costs			(\$2,838)	(\$2,838)		
Net Revenue			\$306	\$306		
	Cash Flow	(\$32,121)	(\$4,673)	(\$36,794)		

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI



Capital Requirement Details



Engineering & Construction Contracts

Area		LOM
Alea	(\$000s)
Site Infrastructure Buildings		1,329
Water treatment Plant		225
Atlas Tailings Expansion		793
Subtotal Infrastructure Engineering & Construction Contracts		2,347
Mill & Buildings - See Sheet for Details		
200 - Crushers, Conveyors & Dry Screen		1,468
300 - Rod Mill, Ball Mill, Wet Screen		1,575
400 - Concentrate Thinkeners and Filter Press		52
500 - Tails Thickening and Tails Press		1
700 - Reagents and Reagent Building		1,246
800 - Water & Air Systems		79
Commissioning		30
Mill Procurement & Construction Management		512
Subtotal Mill Engineering & Construction Contracts		4,962
Raise Bore & Alimak Hek (inc materials supplied by OSM)		3,473
Rebuild # 1 Shaft and Hoist Installation (TBD on timing)		6,612
#1 and #1.2 Alimak with lateral development w/ hoist & materials		4,566
RaR #1 and #2 and Shaft Cave Rehab (total 275')		861
Subtotal Mine Engineering & Construction Contracts	\$	15,513
TOTAL Engineerign & Construction Contracts	\$	22,821
10% Contingency		2,282
Total Mine Engineering & Construction Contracts	\$	25,103

Purchased Equipment	
---------------------	--

Area	(LOM \$000s)
Mine		3,890
Mill		4,117
Surface		1,132
Infrastructure		891
Subtotal Purchased Equipment	\$	10,030
5% Contingency		502
Total Purchased Equipment	\$	10,532

Preproduction Costs

	Cost
Area	(\$000s)
Mining	2,958
Processing	0
G&A	3,866
Surface	158
Total PreProduction Costs	\$ 6,982

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI




Economic Analysis

- Feasibility Study supports the strong economics of Revenue-Virginius mine
 - After-tax NPV_{5%} of US\$74.9 million
 - After-tax IRR of 71%
- 1.9 year payback period
- Total undiscounted after-tax FCF (after reaching positive cash flow) is US\$129 million
 - Provides just under 4x return on incremental invested capital
- Feasibility study only includes existing reserve, leaving a potential significant upside from resource expansion

Values in \$000					
REVENUE A	LLOCATION				
Payable Gross Revenue by Metal	<u>Value</u>	<u>% of Gross</u>	Wtd. Average Prices		
Silver	\$237,995	71%	\$18.50	USD/oz-Ag	
Gold	\$25,461	8%	\$1,300	USD/oz-Au	
Copper	\$0	0%	\$0	USD/lb-Cu	
Lead	\$51,256	15%	\$1.00	USD/lb-Pb	
<u>Zinc</u>	<u>\$18,633</u>	<u>6%</u>	\$1.20	USD/lb-Zn	
Total	\$333,345	100%			
ESTIMATE OF	CASH FLOW				
	<u>Value</u>	<u>% of G. Rev.</u>			
Total Gross Revenue	\$333,345				
Smelting / Refining	(\$24,520)				
Freight / Insurance	<u>(\$12,986)</u>				
NSR Pre Royalty	\$295,839				
Royalties	(\$5,917)				
Total Net Revenue	\$289,922	87%			
Total Operating Cost	(\$144,387)	-43%			
Operating Profit (EBITDA) Pre-tax Cashflow	\$145,535	44%			
Total Tax	(\$10,460)				
After Tax Cash Flow	\$135,076				
LOM Capital	(\$42,618)				
Pre-tax Undiscounted Free Cash Flow (US\$000)	(\$42,010) \$102,918				
After-tax Undiscounted Free Cash Flow (US\$000)	\$92,458				
DISCOUNTED CASH I		IC			
<u>DISCOUNTED CASITI</u>	Pre-Tax	After-Tax			
Undiscounted Free Cash Flow (US\$000)	\$102,918	\$92,458			
NPV USD\$000 @ 5.0%	\$83,597	\$92,430 \$74,883			
IRR	۶۵۵,597 75%	۶74,003 71%			
Break Even Years	1.9	1.9			

Values in \$000

Based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS") and OSMI analysis. All technical disclosure in this document has been reviewed and approved by Jeff Osborn of SRK Consulting, a qualified person pursuant to NI 43-101. Jeff is independent of OSMI



Page intentionally blank.





OURAY SILVER MINES



Operational Readiness

Timeline to Production



- The mine can be put back into production within 7 months of construction decision
- All long lead time items required for the mill improvements have been identified and are ready to be ordered
- Final engineering complete, and major construction and development activities (mill upgrades, raise bore rehabilitation, Alimak development) have been bid and contractors selected
- All contractors are awaiting final contract negotiation and mobilization to site

Month	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Board Approval / Full Funding	x												
Order Long Lead Time													
Equipment	x												
Mine Development		x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
Construction, commsioning		x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
Start of Production								x					
Mill Ramp Up								x	x	x			
Positive Cash Flow										x	x	x	x
Full Production											x	x	x



Organizational Structure









Permit Requirements

The operation is fully permitted for restart of production

Permit Number/ Agency / Original Permit Date	Purpose	Expiration Date	Comments			
M2012-032 / DRMS 2/5/2012	112d-1 Mining Permit , regulates mining, reclamation, and groundwater for mining operations that affect less than 50 acres and extract less than one million tons per year	Renewed annually	Amendment 1 (8/20/2015): Modified to update facilities and allow for ore processing for Governor Basin (abandoned). Includes TR-01, TR-02, TR-03, TR-04, TR-05, and TR-06			
			TR-08 (7/5/2016): Authorizes passive treatment of mine water discharge and groundwater infiltration of effluent			
			TR-09 (3/16/2017): Building upgrades for winter operations, updates water quality monitoring, authorizes road aggregate to be sold. Mill discharge permit rejected due to lack of treatment system detailed engineering			
			TR-10 (Pending): Improved passive treatment system. TR-11 (Design Stage): Mill Water Treatment Plan			
P2015-003 / DRMS 3/31/2015	Governor Basin Exploration Notice of Intent	N/A	NOI remaining open for future drilling as needed			
CO 0000003 / CDPHE 8/1/2013	Point Source Discharge to Sneffels Creek, Surface Water	8/31/2018	Permit renewal underway with improved passive treatment system			
CO R040289 / CDPHE 9/19/2012	Storm water (formerly Permit # COR040273)	Administratively continued	Storm water discharge monitoring required, but no discharge has occurred.			
CO0246283 / CDPHE Pending	Potable Water	N/A	Submitted under Fortune Revenue, additional source water sampling required once employee threshold reached			
APEN Permit App. / CDPHE 14OU1123F.XP 14OU1124.XA	Air Quality	4/1/2021	Considered Permit Exempt. If equipment changes, new APEN may be required.			
SPK-2012-00953/ ACOE 4/22/2014	Nationwide 44 for Revenue Pond	N/A	NWP 44, replaced lost Revenue Pond WOUS with Mine Water Pond			
5-CO-031-33-6L-00778/ DOJ ATF 9/29/2014	Explosives	N/A	Allows use of explosives			
Maintenance Agreement / USFS 2/22/2016	Road Use	N/A	Allows OSMI to use and maintain County Road 26 during winter months			
Materials / Ouray County 10/7/2014	Provides for use of waste rock on County Roads	Annual	Annual SPLP analysis required			



Environmental and Community Relations Initiatives



- OSM has completed many initiatives to maintain its support from local communities
- One key initiative was to design and construct a passive water treatment facility to treat mine water discharge, improving water quality disposed by the mining operations.
 - This eliminates the long term need of a water treatment plant which provides a significant benefit to OSM and reduces reclamation concern for the communities
- The project was completed ontime and on-budget and was well received by regulators, environmental groups and both the local and mining communities



Passive Water Treatment System Cross-Section







DRMS Technical Revision 10 – Under Development









OURAY SILVER MINES



5 Upside Opportunities

Overview of Exploration Opportunities





Source: OSMI



Overview of Exploration Opportunities (cont'd)









Overview of Exploration Opportunities (cont'd)

Production History	in Sneffels &	Silverton Dis	stricts							
Idarado	Short Tons	opst Au	opst Ag	% Pb	% Cu	% Zn				
1946 to 1978	10,900,000	0.07	1.91	2.37	0.71	3.63				
Includes replacement mineralization										
Camp Bird	Short Tons	opst Au	opst Ag	% Pb	% Cu	% Zn				
1896 to 1902	128,000	1.64	1.58							
1902 to 1916	820,000	1.30	2.07							
1925 to 1956	787,000	0.23	3.00	1.45	0.46	2.14				
1970 to 1976	562,000	?	1.16	3.20	0.56	4.80				
	Includes 400,0	000 tons repla	acement mineral	ization						
Camp Bird Total	2,297,000									
Shenandoah-Dives	Short Tons	opst Au	opst Ag	% Pb	% Cu	% Zn				
To 1957	4,099,000	0.10	2.19	0.80%	0.28%	0.23%				
Production History by County to 1945										
County	Short Tons	oz Au	oz Ag	lbs Pb	lbs Cu	lbs Zn				
Ouray	2,018,000	1,693,000	37,169,400	144,332,600	22,401,500	5,298,900				
San Juan	8,266,000	1,557,200	40,412,900	502,629,600	76,852,700	228,278,700				
San Miguel	13,177,000	3,395,100	51,329,800	253,106,400	20,371,500	27,231,200				
Total	23,461,000	6,645,300	128,912,100	900,068,600	119,625,700	260,808,800				
		opst Au	opst Ag	% Pb	% Cu	% Zn				
		0.28	5.49	1.92%	0.25%	0.56%				



Contacts



Any questions should be directed to the following representatives of Lascaux Resource Capital, LLC and Ouray Silver Mines. Under no circumstances should Ouray Silver Mines or any of its employees, representatives, customers or suppliers be contacted directly.

Elliot Rothstein

Partner

T: +1 212 756 1289

M: +1 917 204 1970

E: elliot.rothstein@lascauxrc.com

David Kaplan

Partner

T: +1 212 756 1266

M: +1 203 858 4759

E: david.kaplan@lascauxrc.com

Brian Briggs CEO T: +1 970 325 9830

M: +1 970 596 1982

E: bbriggs@ouraysilvermines.com



Qualified Persons Statement



Where noted this presentation is based on the NI 43-101 OSMI Feasibility Study prepared by SRK Consulting (U.S.), Inc. effective June 15, 2018 ("FS"). SRK Consulting (U.S.) Inc. has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information of this presentation.

The FS provides Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimates, and a classification of resources and reserves prepared in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves: Definitions and Guidelines, May 10, 2014 (CIM, 2014).

The SRK consultants preparing the FS are specialists in the fields of geology, exploration, Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimation and classification, underground mining, geotechnical, environmental, permitting, metallurgical testing, mineral processing, processing design, capital and operating cost estimation, and mineral economics. None of the consultants or any associates employed in the preparation of this FS has any beneficial interest in OSMI. The consultants are not insiders, associates, or affiliates of OSMI. The results of this FS are not dependent upon any prior agreements concerning the conclusions to be reached, nor are there any undisclosed understandings concerning any future business dealings between OSMI and the consultants. The consultants are being paid a fee for their work in accordance with normal professional consulting practice.

The following individuals, by virtue of their education, experience and professional association, are considered Qualified Persons (QP) as defined in the NI 43-101 standard, for this report, and are members in good standing of appropriate professional institutions. The QP's are responsible for specific areas as follows:

- Ben Parsons, MSc, MAusIMM (CP), Principal Consultant (Resource Geologist) is the QP responsible for Property Description/Location, Accessibility, History, Geologic Setting, Deposit Type, Exploration, Drilling, Sample Preparation, Analyses and Security, Validation and Mineral Resource Estimate.
- Eric J. Olin, MSc Metallurgy, MBA, SME-RM, MAusIMM, SRK Principal Consultant (Metallurgy) is the QP responsible for Metallurgy.
- John Tinucci, PhD, PE, SRK President/Practice Leader/Principal Consultant (Geotechnical Engineer) is the QP responsible for Geotechnical Parameters and Tailings Management.
- Jeff Osborn, BEng Mining, MMSAQP, SRK Principal Consultant (Mining Engineer) is the QP responsible for general report compilation, Infrastructure and Mining.
- Brian Processer, PE, SRK Principal Consultant (Ventilation) is the QP responsible for general report compilation, Ventilation.
- Joanna Poeck, BEng Mining, SME-RM, MMSAQP, SRK Senior Consultant (Mining Engineer) is the QP responsible for Mining Methods and Mineral Reserve Estimate.
- Dave Mickelson, PE, Sr. Mechanical Engineer, Barr Engineering is the QP responsible for Process and Recovery.
- Terry Braun, MSc, PE, Practice Leader/Principal Consultant (Civil Engineer) is the QP responsible for Environmental Studies, Permitting and Social/Community Impact.
- John Pfahl, ME, Corporate Advisory Consultant (Mining Engineer) is the QP responsible for Market Studies, Capital and Operating Costs and Economic Analysis.

